

Round table 2nd November 2023

Partnerships and Mergers



The Queen's Award for Voluntary Service



Liz Searle CEO of Keech Hospice Care

Cara Evans

Head of Partnerships and Mergers



Plan for today....

1.Introductions -

2.Partnerships and Mergers- Cara Evans Head of Partnerships and Mergers

3. Our story- Liz Searle CEO Keech Hospice Care

4. Discussion- Questions and Answers from the Group



Introductions

≻Who you are and where you are from

>Why you have joined the discussion today

>When someone said merger to you what is the one word would you say back



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Good Merger Index 2021-22 Trends

- Merger activity already low declined
- 51 mergers involving 103 organisations = 0.06% of 170,000 + charities
- Takeovers remain dominant form of merger
- Fewer 'mergers of equals'
- Rise in subsidiary-type models
- Financial stress levels not as bad as anticipated (2020-21)
- GMI case studies show success stories and boards that celebrate mergers!



The benefits of strategic partnerships and merger

- Greater profile and voice for campaigns
- Funding diversity
- Improved talent pool
- Economies of scale and back office savings

Service synergies for beneficiaries

Geographical or scale reach

Retaining/winning contracts

Service innovation



The challenges

- Resourcing and cost
- Loss of identity and mission
- Lack of knowledge
- Finding partners
- Trust, sovereignty and individual role



Process of mergers

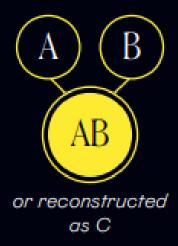
- Stage 1: Issue of merger is raised and discussed at board level.
- Stage 2: Identifying a suitable merger partner search and approach. Developing a prospectus.
- Stage 3: Boards agree to look in principle at the feasibility of merger. This feasibility study can take a few forms but should seek to look at key areas. In each area asking 1) what are the practical steps to take in the event of a merger 2) what are the benefits/risks/challenges around this area.
- Stage 4: Due diligence legal/other. On the basis of the feasibility study and due diligence, boards decide, or not, to proceed with a merger (often with conditions to be met).
- Stage 5: Detailed merger project plan is formed, around each key area as appropriate including communications and key dates.
- Stage 6: Merger plan followed until merge completes.
- Stage 7: post merger strategy process for 'new' organisation.



Types of merger

1. MERGER

Two or more organisations join to form a new organisation



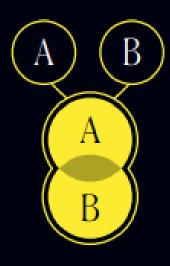
2. TAKEOVER

One organisation transfers its assets and activities to become part of another



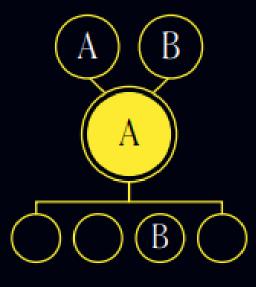
3. SUBSIDIARY MODEL

One organisation becomes a 'wholly owned' subsidiary of another



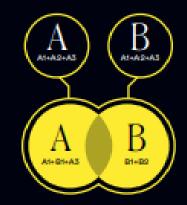
4. GROUP STRUCTURE

Two or more organisations transfer activities and assets to become part of a group



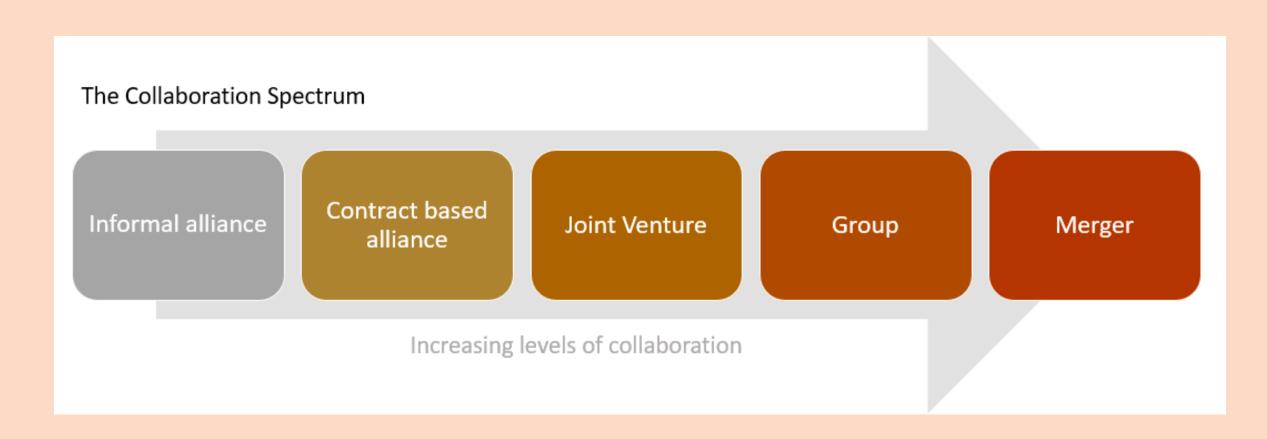
5. SWAPPING SERVICES OR ASSETS

Transfer or swapping of services, and in some cases assets





Alternatives to merger





Key reflections

Strategy:

It's an important (but often ignored) strategic tool – within wide spectrum or partnership work – should not be a financial fix

Scale:

The question of sustainable scale within a sector is key

Impact:

DItimately a question of whether a particular group of beneficiaries will be better served over the long term



Useful sources

CGI Charity merger or collaboration checklist: <u>https://www.cgi.org.uk/assets/files/2022/guidance-notes/charity/cgiuki-charity-merger-or-collaboration-checklist(1).pdf</u>

NCVO landing page for mergers: <u>https://www.ncvo.org.uk/help-and-guidance/running-a-charity/collaboration/mergers/about-mergers/#/</u>

A summary note and recording of the Stone King/EP/RSM webinar 2020 with EP and RSM, titled "Key considerations for successful collaborations and mergers": <u>https://www.stoneking.co.uk/literature/e-bulletins/key-considerations-successful-collaborations-and-mergers</u>



Liz Searle- CEO Keech Hospice Care

